

Synthesis and Application of Manganese Dioxide Coated Magnetite for Removal of Trace Contaminants from Water

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Introduction

Sorbents

Hydrous manganese dioxide

Magnetic Micro Sorbents

Magnetic Micro Sorbent MMS

Preparation

Characterization

Magnetic separation

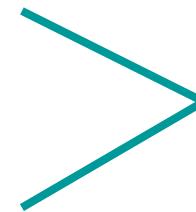
Adsorption performance

Kinetics

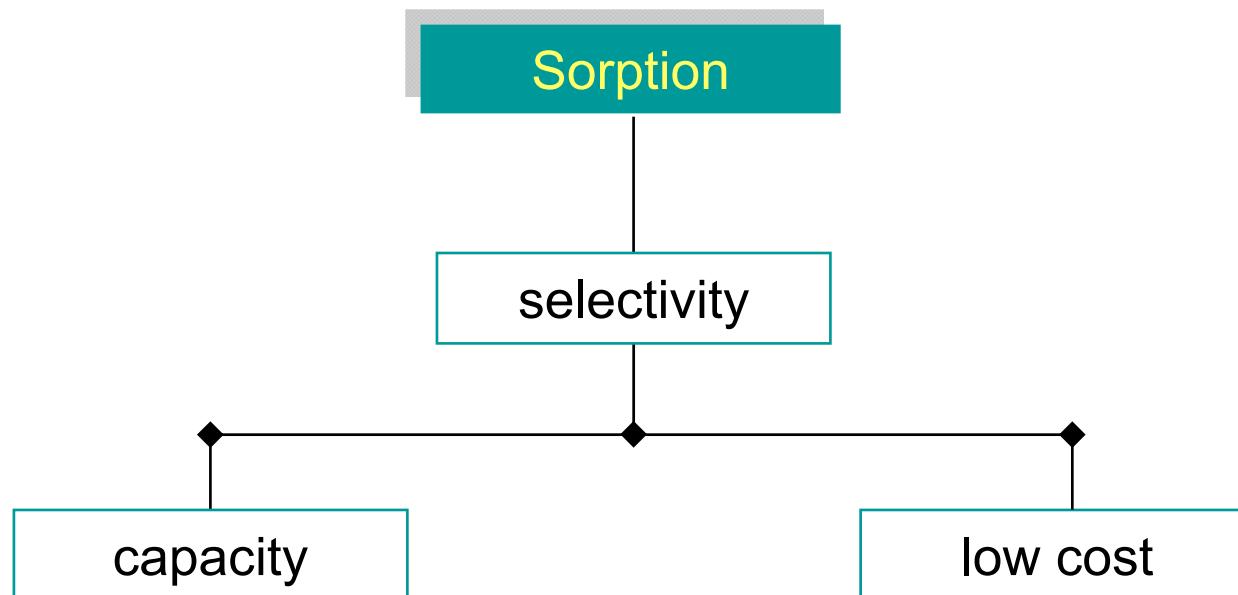
Equilibrium

Conclusions

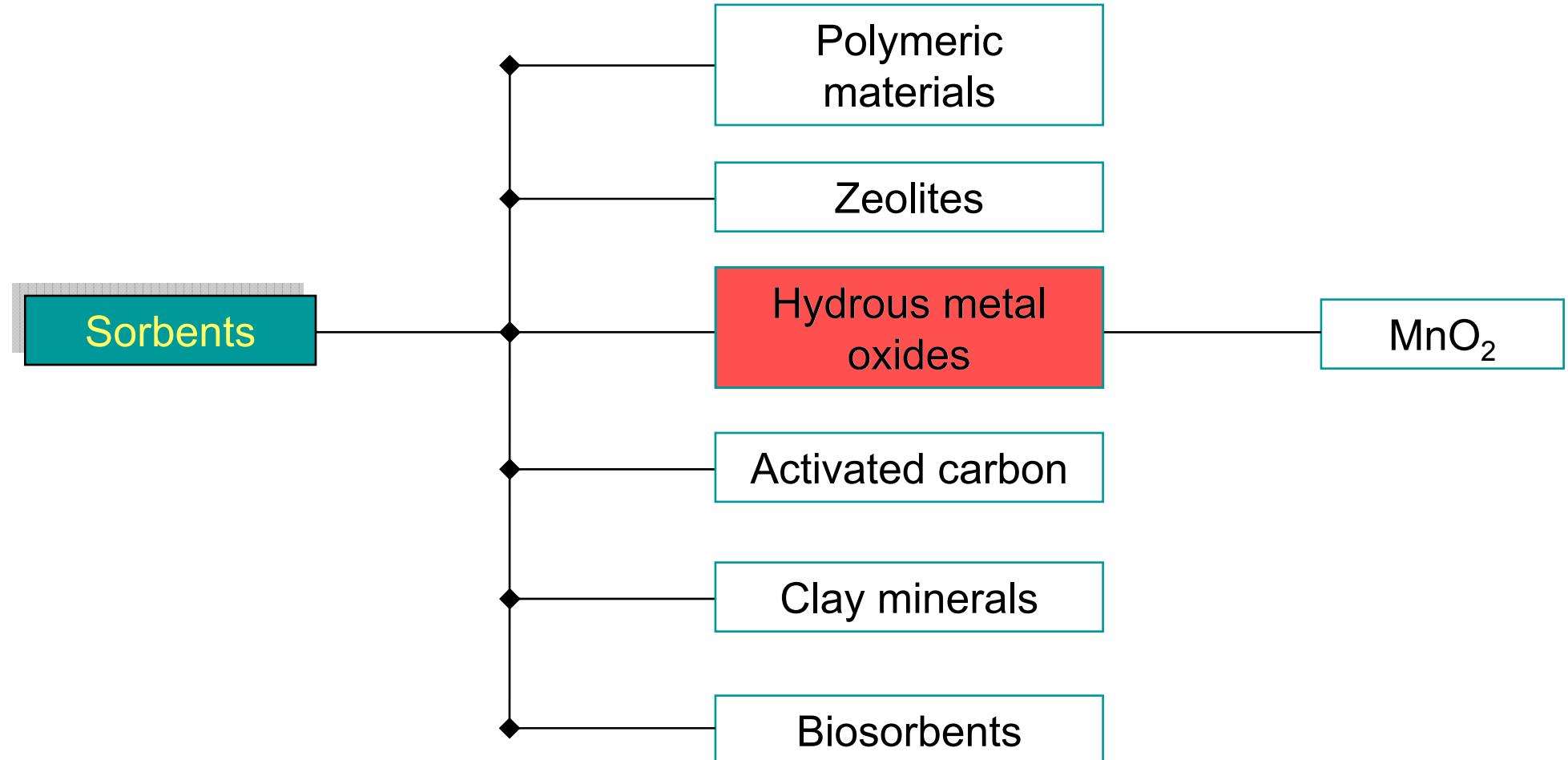
- Ground Waters
- Surface Waters
- Processes Waters
- Wastewaters



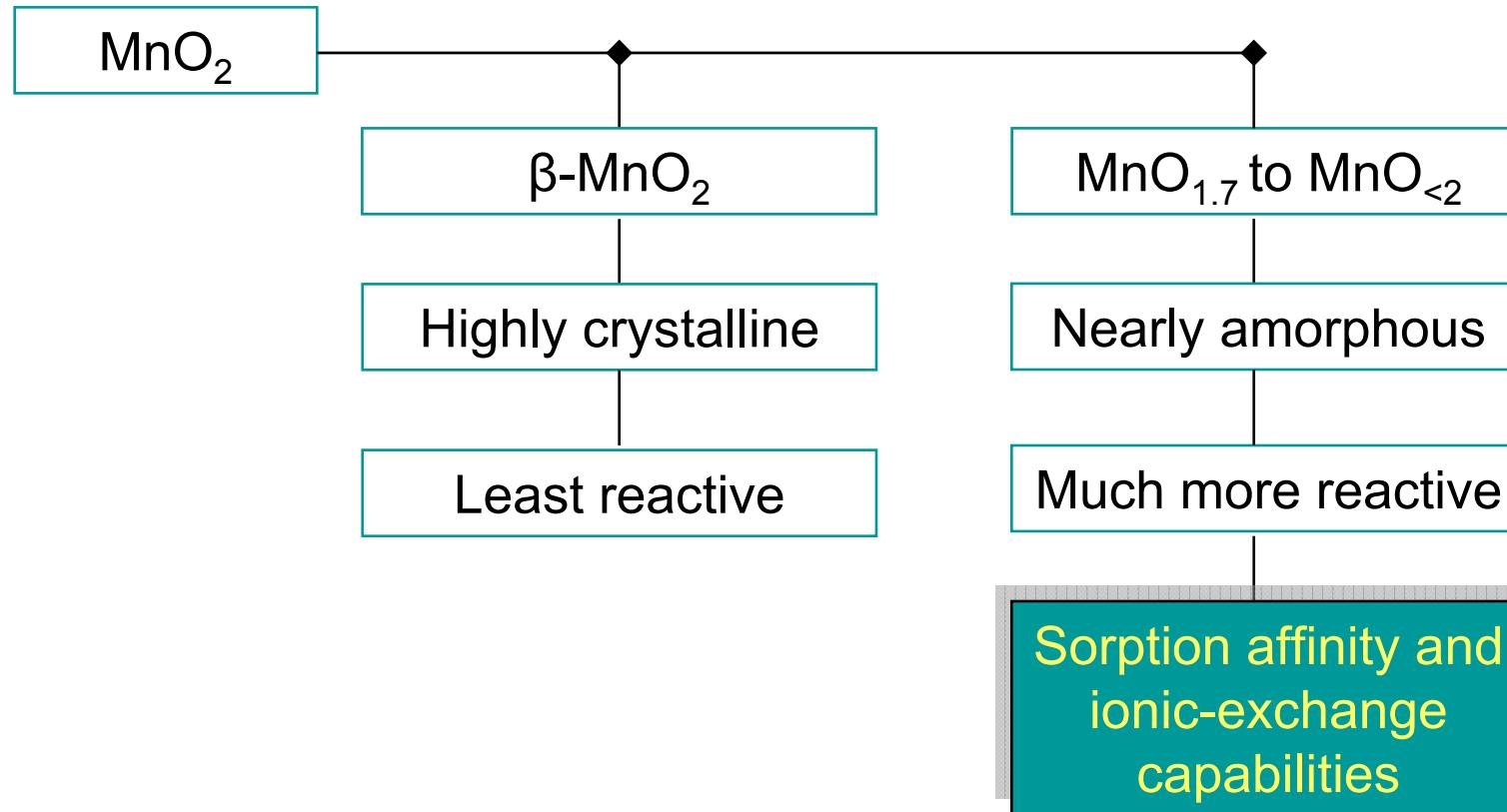
Hazardous inorganic
trace components



Introduction - Sorbents



Introduction – Hydrous manganese dioxide



Introduction – MnO₂ and MMS

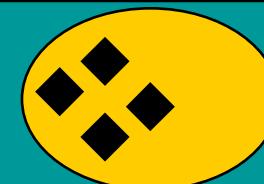
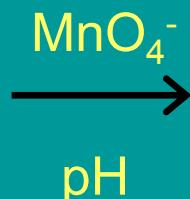
Manganese dioxide



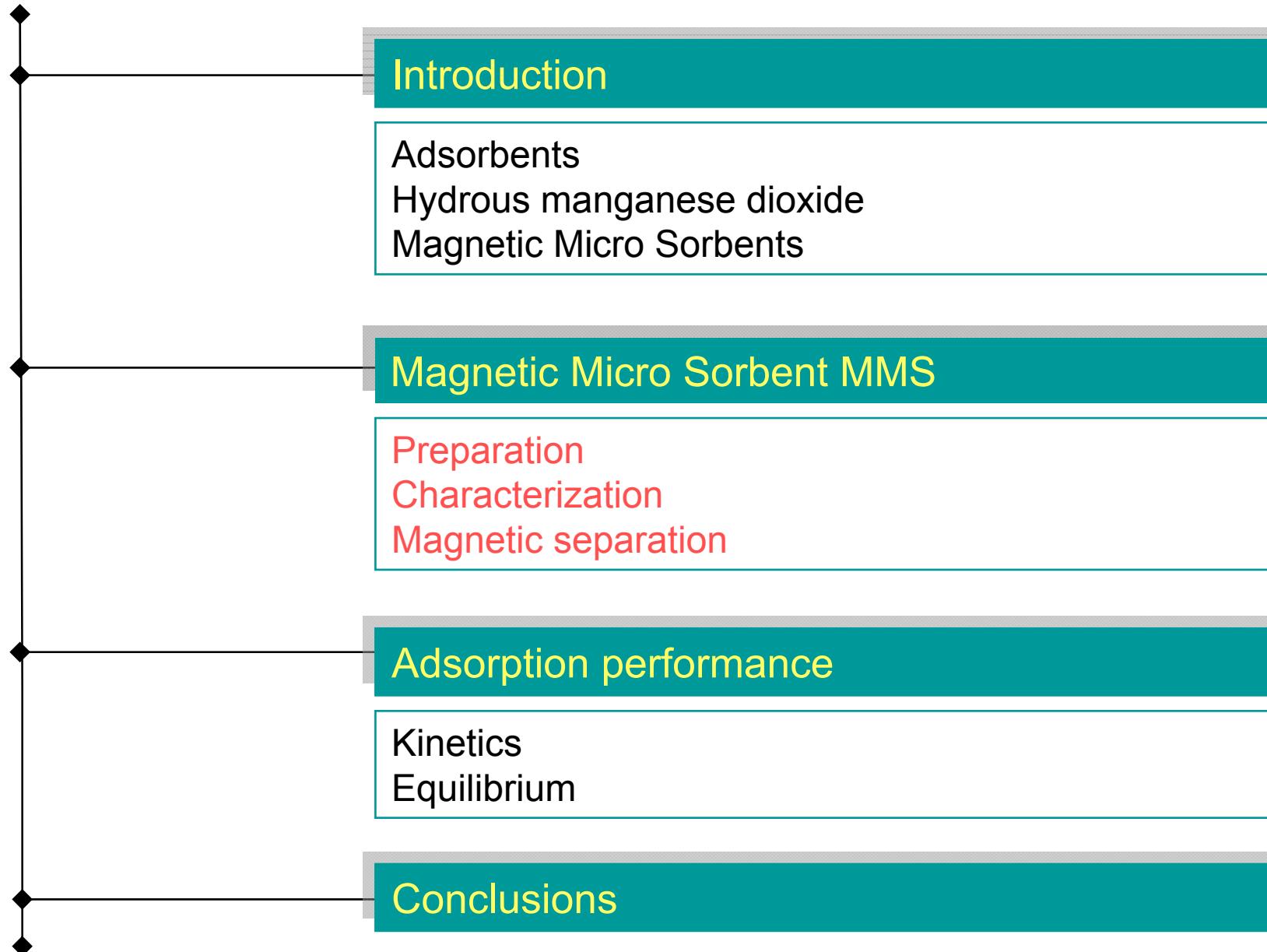
Magnetic Micro Sorbent



+

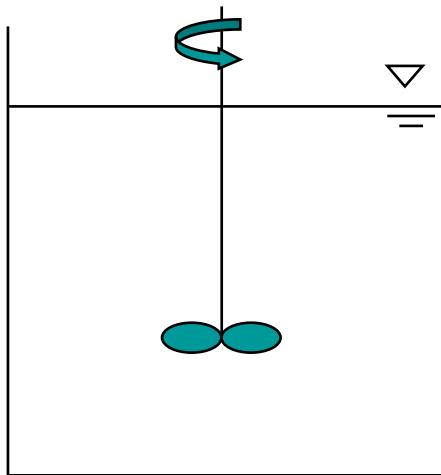


MMS



Magnetic Micro Sorbent – preparation

SET UP

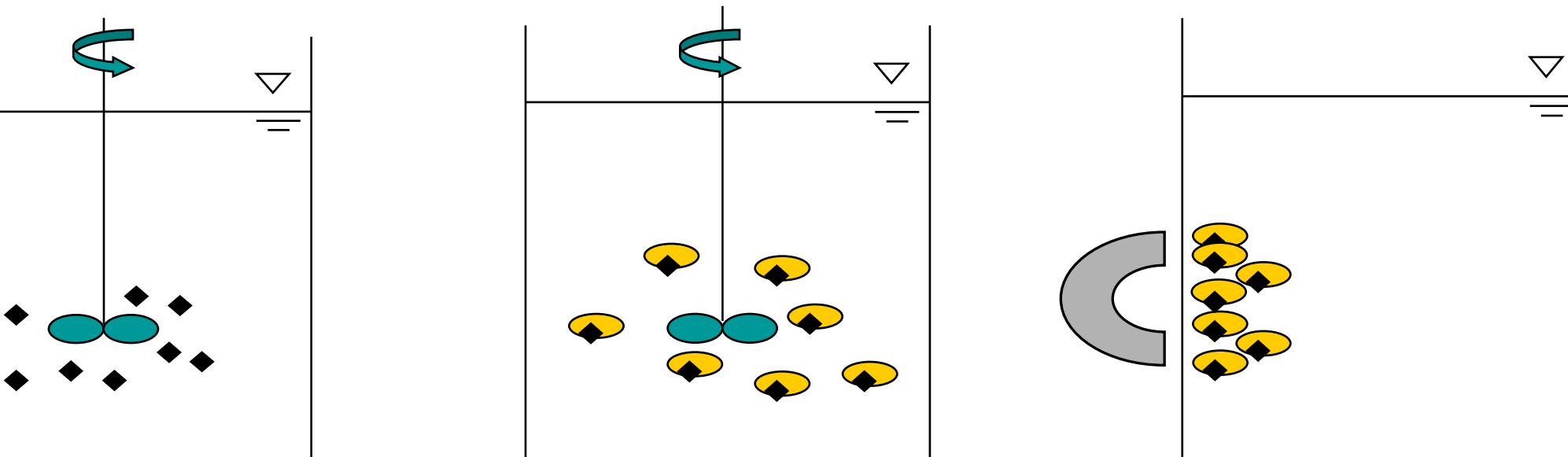


- MnCl_2 1 mol/L = 7 mL
- KMnO_4 0.2 mol/L = 23 mL
- KOH 1 mol/L = 14 mL

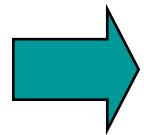
- Fe_3O_4 Bayoxide®
m = 1g
- $V_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 500 \text{ mL}$



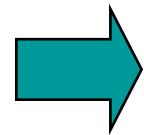
Magnetic Micro Sorbent – preparation



- Magnetite suspended in alkaline solution of KMnO_4



- Addition of MnCl_2
- Precipitation of MnO_2



- Solid/ Liquid separation by means of a magnet

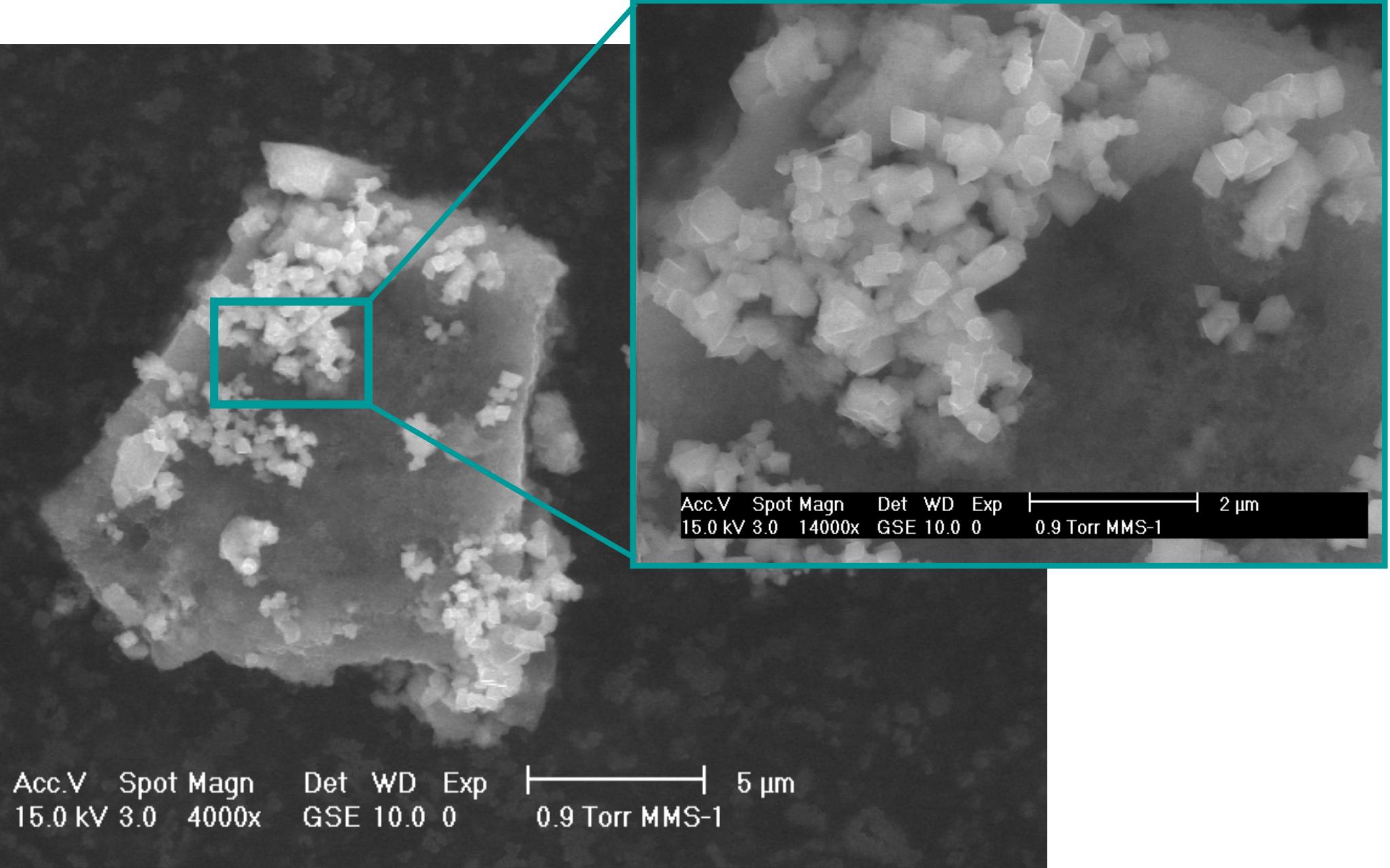
Magnetic Micro Sorbent– characterization

	Fe ₃ O ₄	MnO ₂	MMS
Mn ²⁺ (g/g MMS)	-	-	0.47
BET Surface area (m ² g ⁻¹)	5	240*	92
Magnetic saturation (Am ² /kg)	90-95	0.3 – 0.4	36 - 40
pH _(PZC)	6.5	2.1	3.5

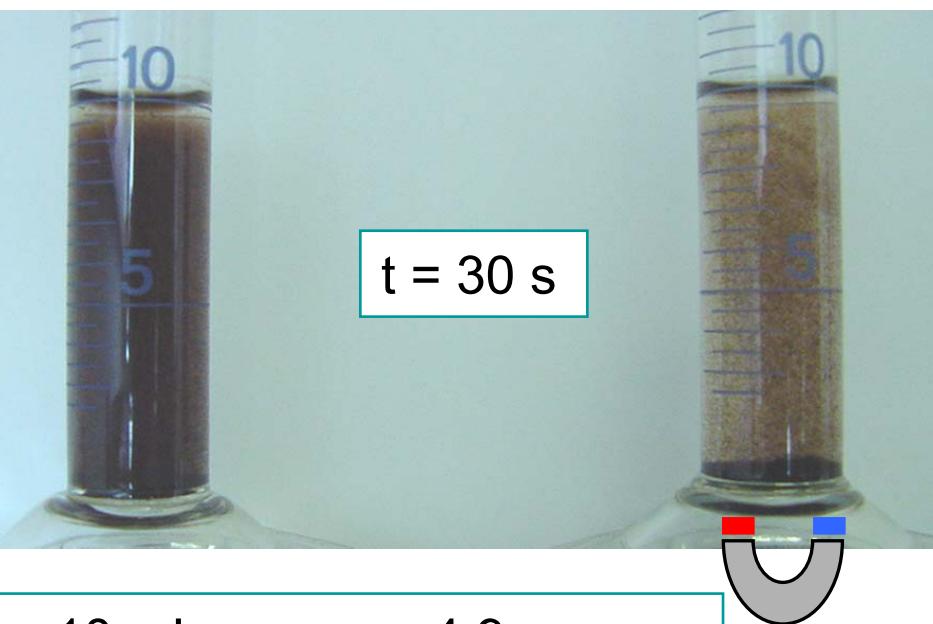
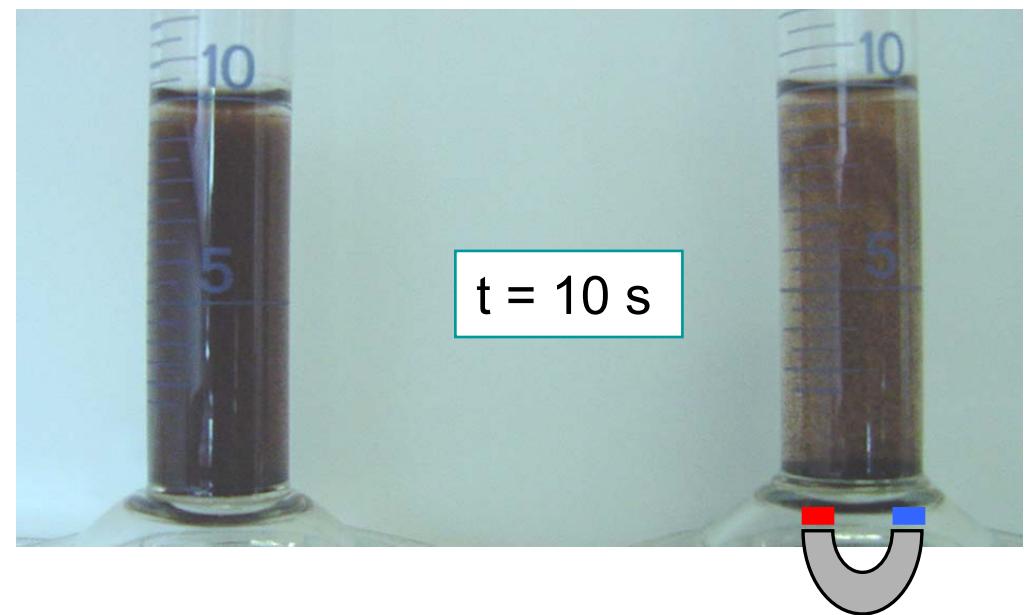
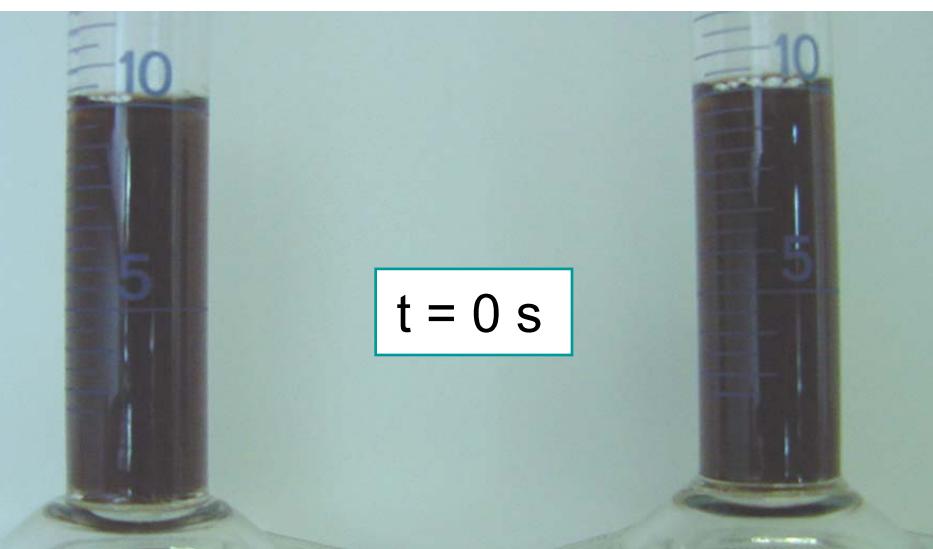
content, Magnetization, pH_(PZC) and BET surface area measurements.

Driehaus, Arsenentfernung mit Mangandioxid und Eisenhydroxid in der Trinkwasseraufbereitung

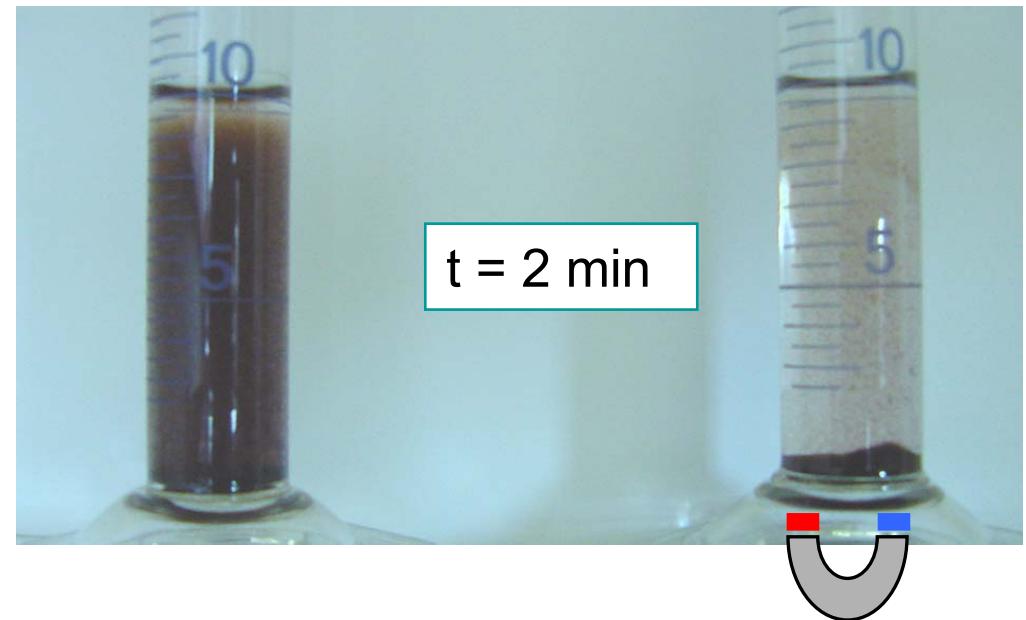
Magnetic Micro Sorbent – characterization

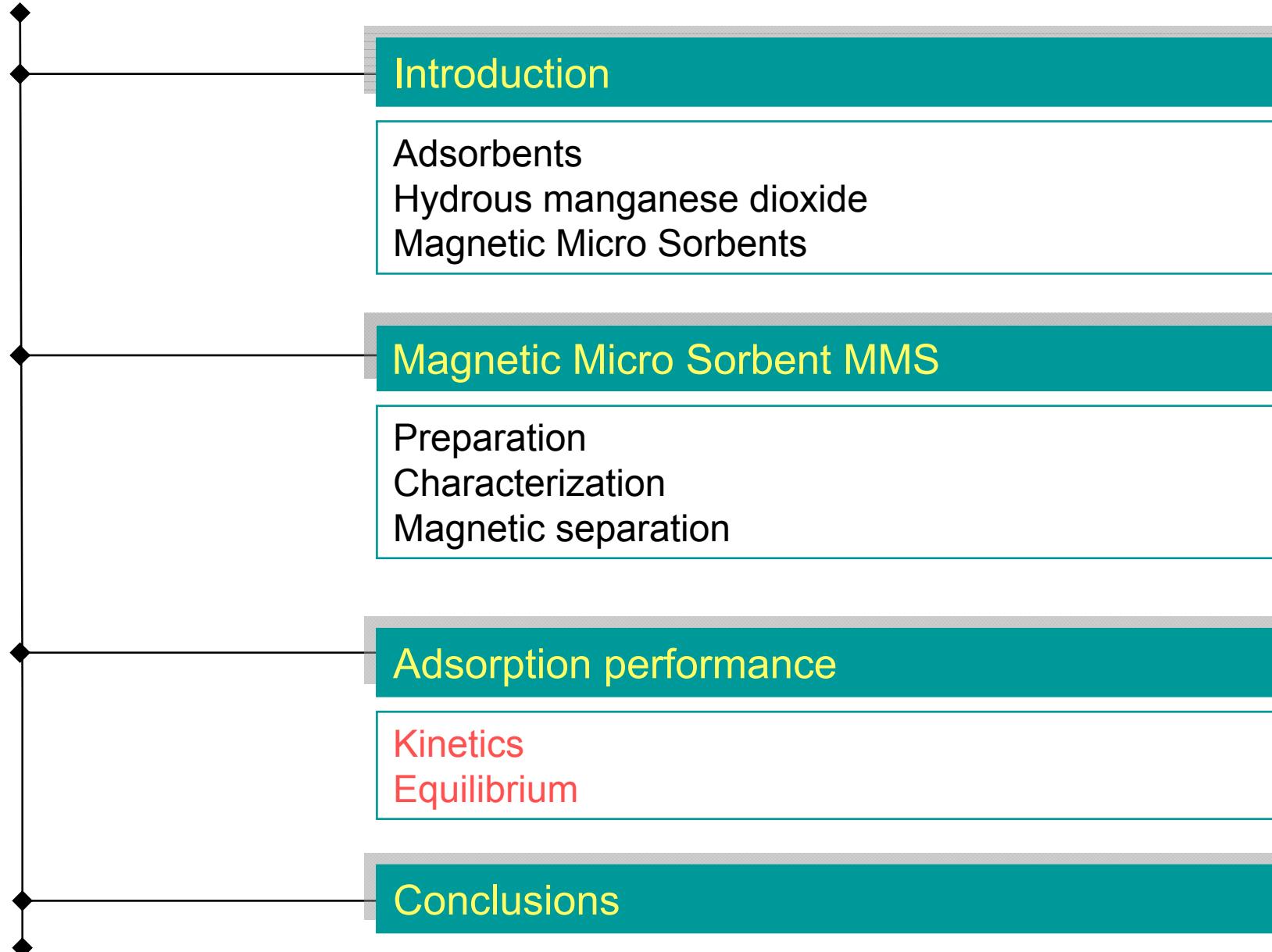


Magnetic Micro Sorbent – separation



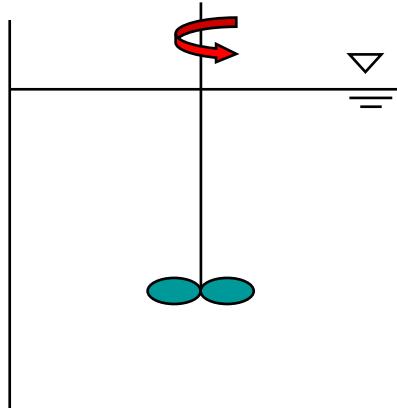
= 10 mL, m_{MMS} = 4.9 mg





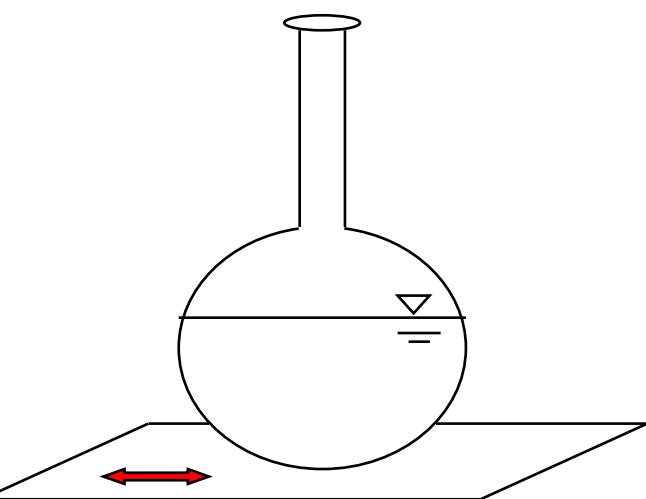
Adsorption performance

SET UP Kinetics



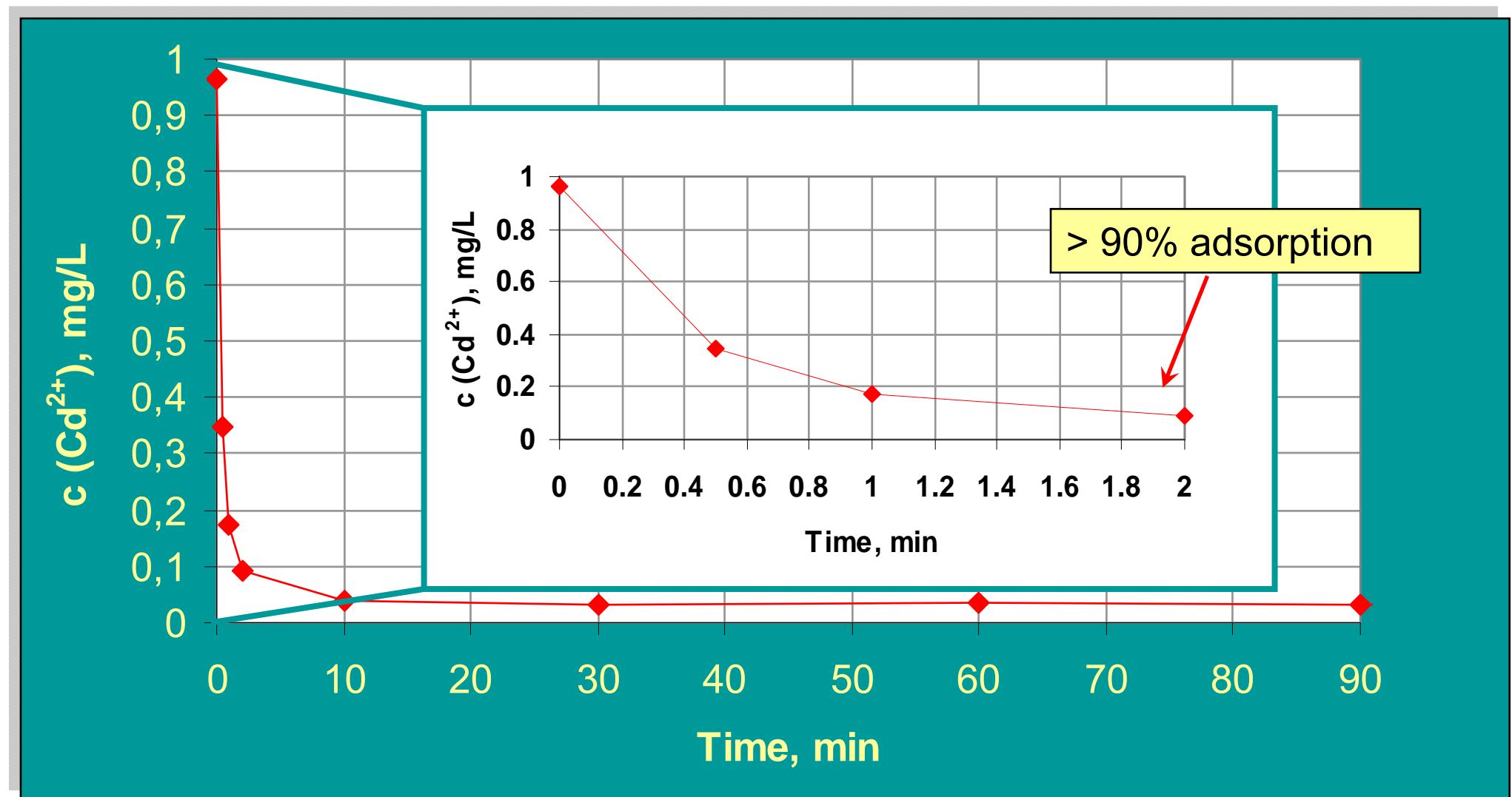
- $C_{i, Cd} = 1 \text{ mg/L}$
- $m_{MSS} = 92 \text{ mg}$
- $V_o = 1 \text{ L}$
- r.p.m. = 300
- $t = 0 \longrightarrow t = 90 \text{ min}$

SET UP Equilibrium Study



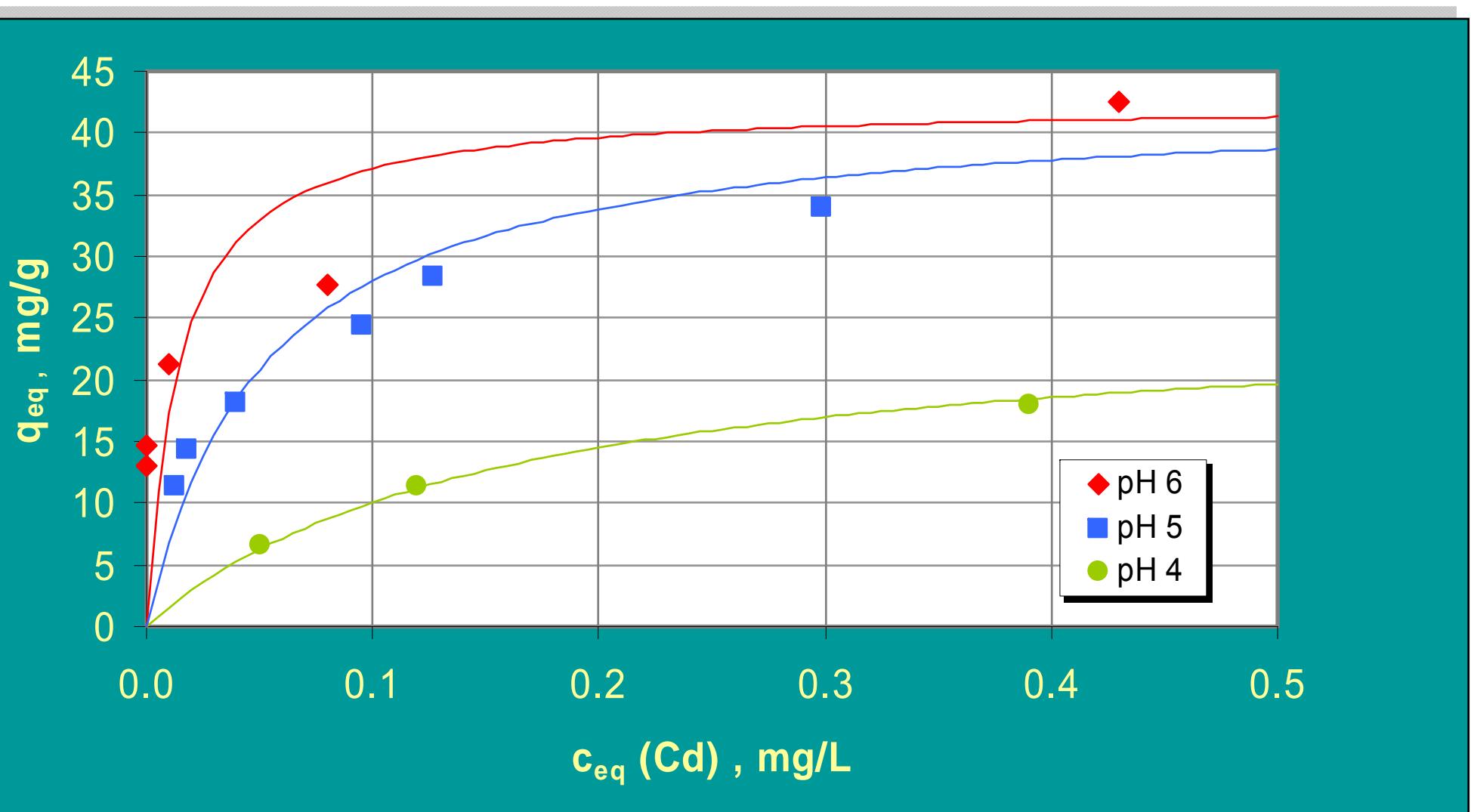
- $C_{i, Cd} = 0.08 - 0.5 \text{ mg/L}$
- $V_o = 500 \text{ mL}$
- $m_{MSS} = 3 \text{ mg}$
- r.p.m. = 250
- $t = 90 \text{ min}$
- $\text{CH}_3\text{COONa} = 0.01 \text{ mol/L}$

Adsorption performance - Kinetics



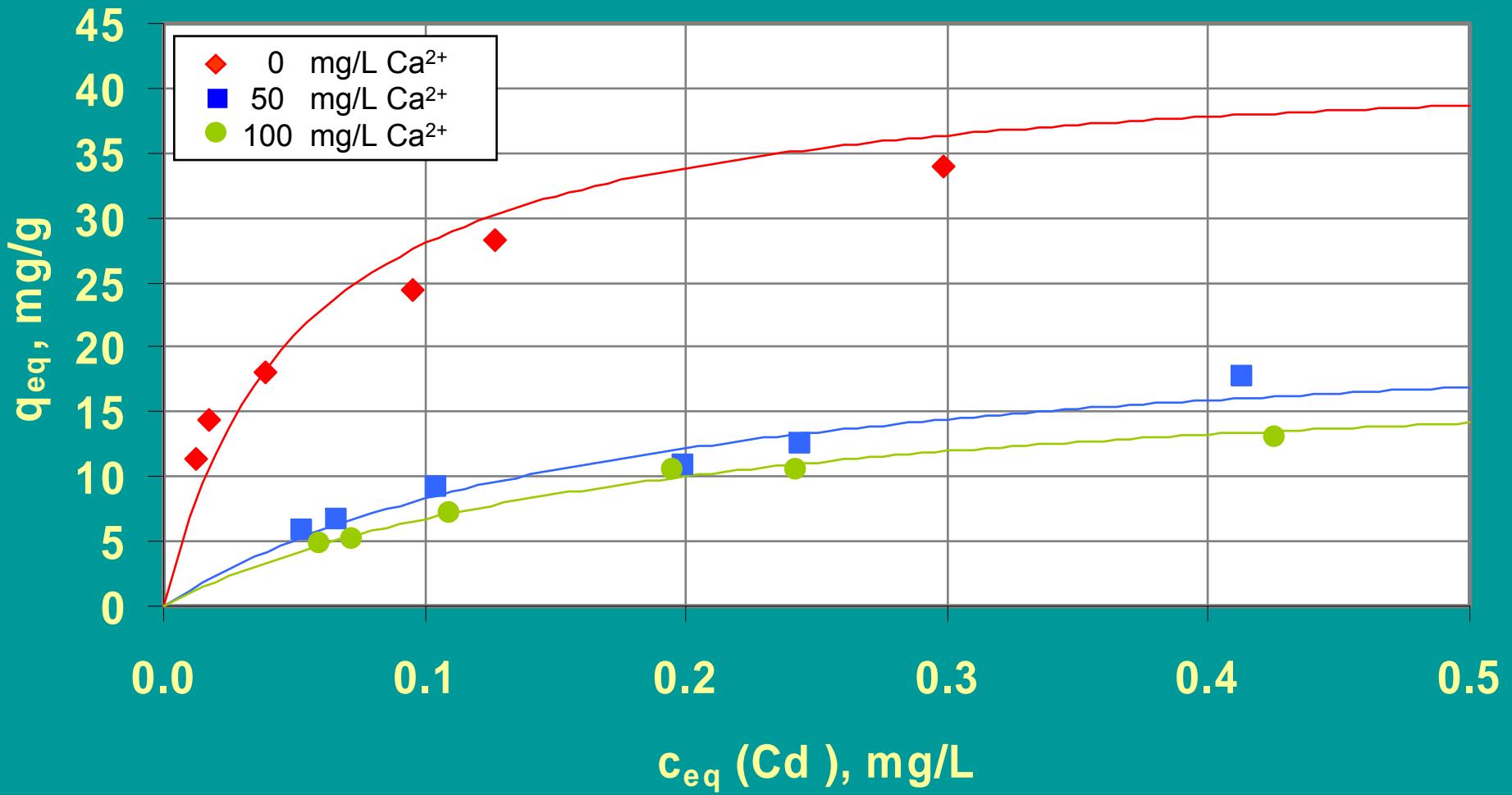
Adsorption performance – equilibrium study

pH effect



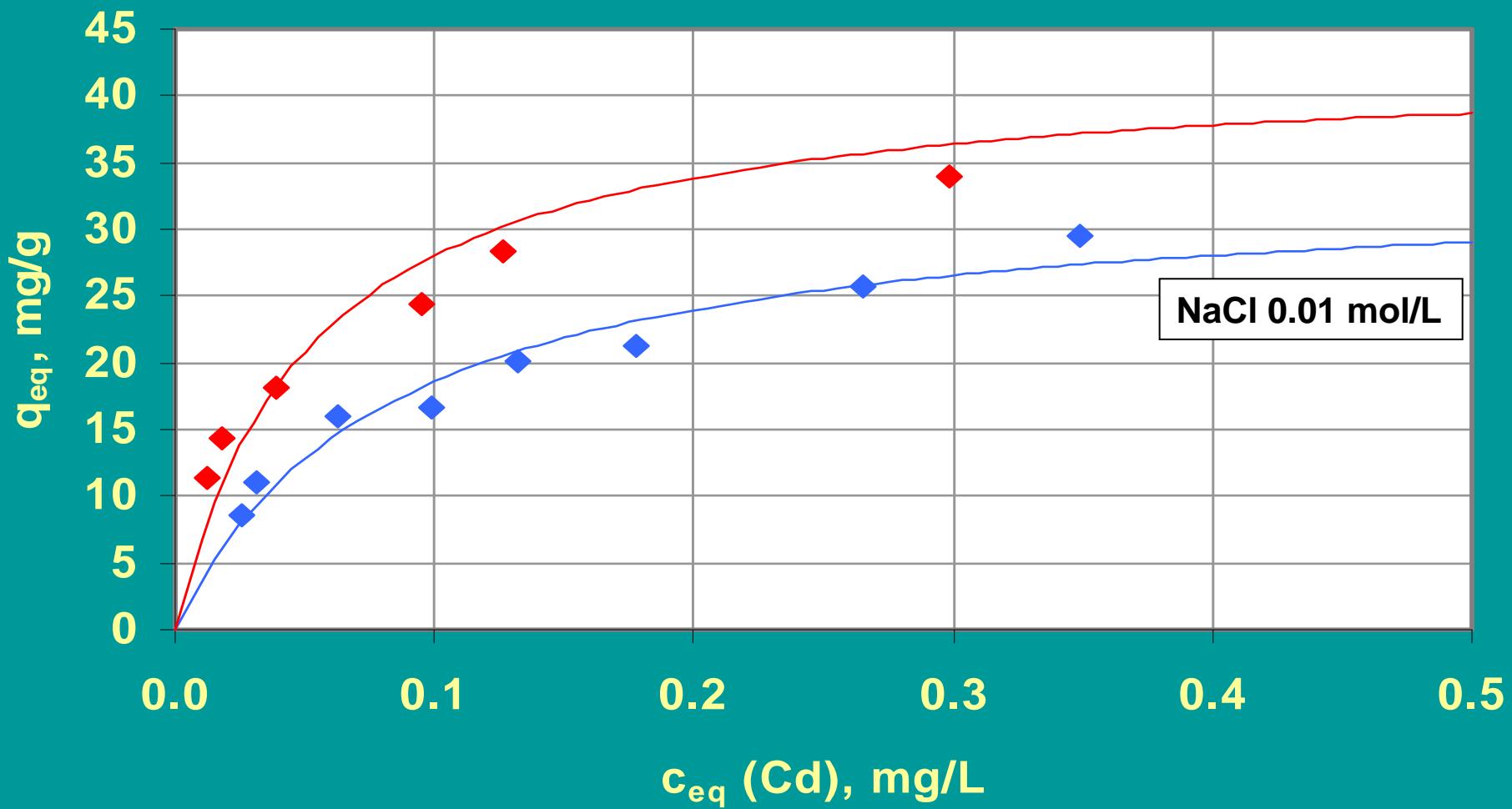
$V = 500 \text{ mL}$, $m_{MMS} = 3 \text{ mg}$, $C_{i, Cd} = 0.08 \text{ to } 0.5 \text{ mg/L}$

Competition: Addition of CaCl_2



$V = 500 \text{ mL}$, $m_{\text{MMS}} = 3 \text{ mg}$, $C_i, \text{Cd} = 0.08 \text{ to } 0.5 \text{ mg/L}$

Ionic strength : Addition of NaCl 0.01 mol/L

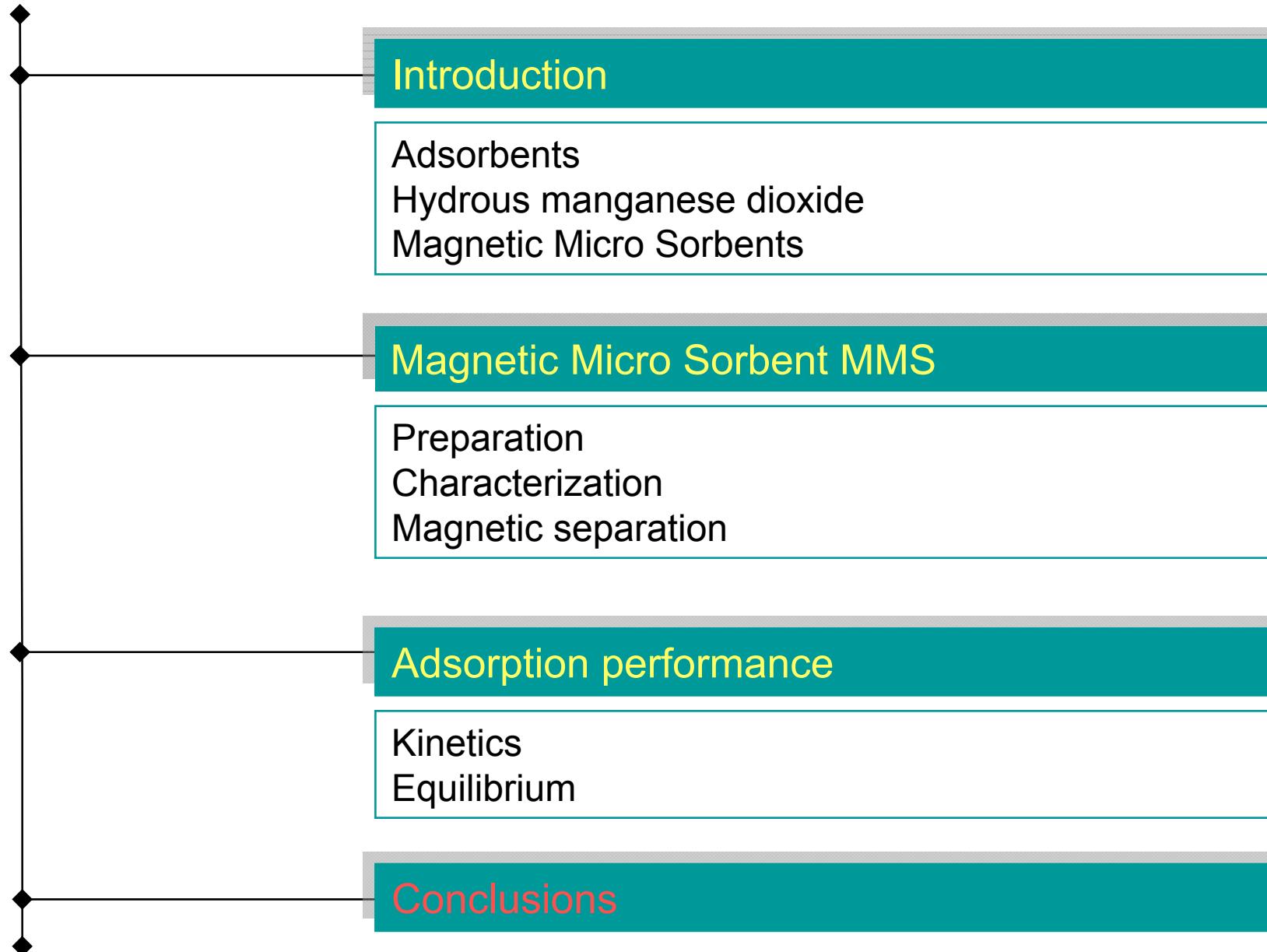


$V = 500 \text{ mL}$, $m_{\text{MMS}} = 3 \text{ mg}$, $C_{i, \text{Cd}} = 0.08 \text{ to } 0.5 \text{ mg/L}$

Adsorption performance – Cd speciation

	Cd ²⁺ , %	CdCl ⁺ , %
CdCl ₂	100	-
50 mg/L CaCl ₂	80	20
100 mg/L CaCl ₂	67	33
0.01M NaCl, 50 mg/L CaCl ₂	45	53
0.01M NaCl, 100 mg/L CaCl ₂	40	58

Modelling with MINEQL[®], C_{Cd} = 0.08 mg/L



Conclusions

Magnetic manganese oxide adsorbents can easily be produced from magnetite and manganese salts.

Magnetic properties of magnetic micro sorbents allow simple solid-liquid separation applying a magnetic field.

Divalent heavy metals like cadmium can be well adsorbed.

Fast adjustment of sorption equilibria is obtained by using MMS in the conditions applied.

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