



Enzyme Degumming for Physical Refining

SCI

Enzymatic Processing and Modifications-
Current and Future Trends
Het Pand, Univerisity of Ghent, Belgium
21 June 2011

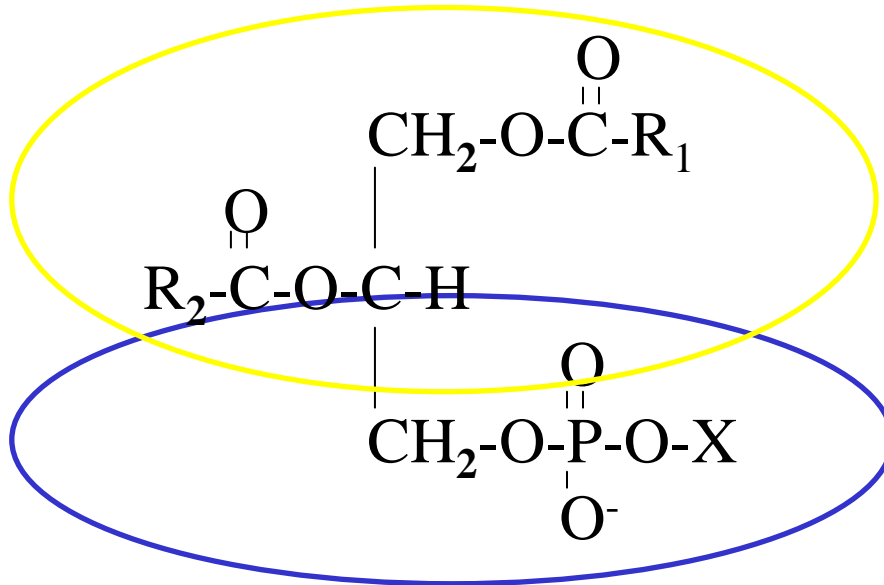
- Physical Refining
 - Phospholipid Chemistry
 - Enzyme Reaction Fundamentals
 - Process Comparisons
 - Commercial Phospholipase
 - Intellectual Property
 - Enzymatic Degumming
 - Bleaching
 - Deodorization / De-acidification



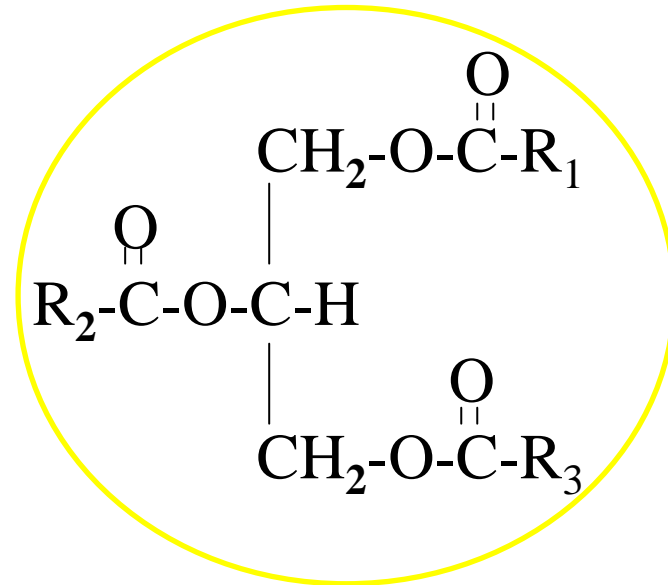
Lipids and water affinity

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Phospholipid



Triglyceride



water
affinity

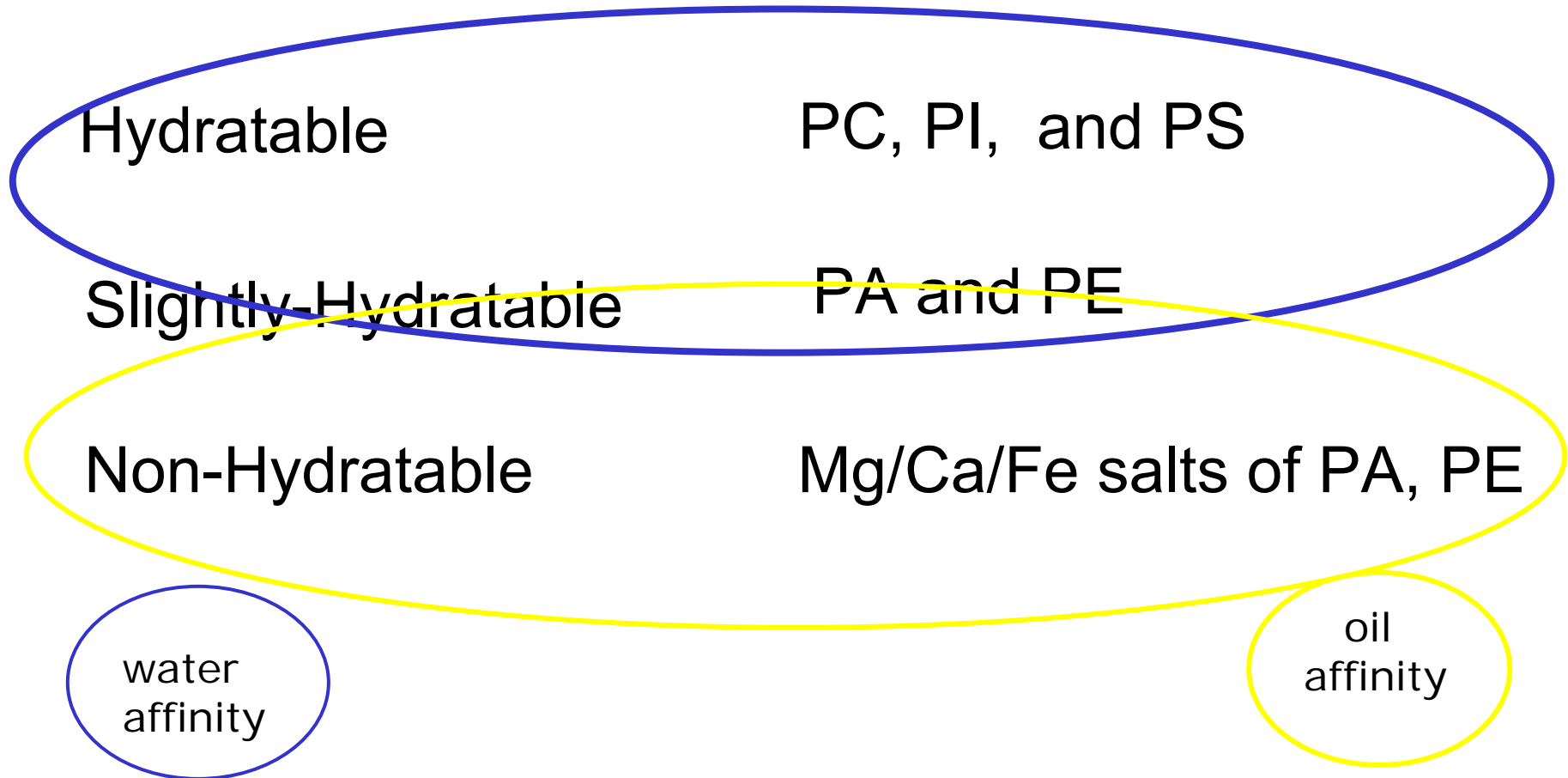
oil
affinity

$R_{\#}$ = fatty acid chains

X = H, choline, ethanolamine, serine, inositol, etc.

Phospholipids in vegetable oils

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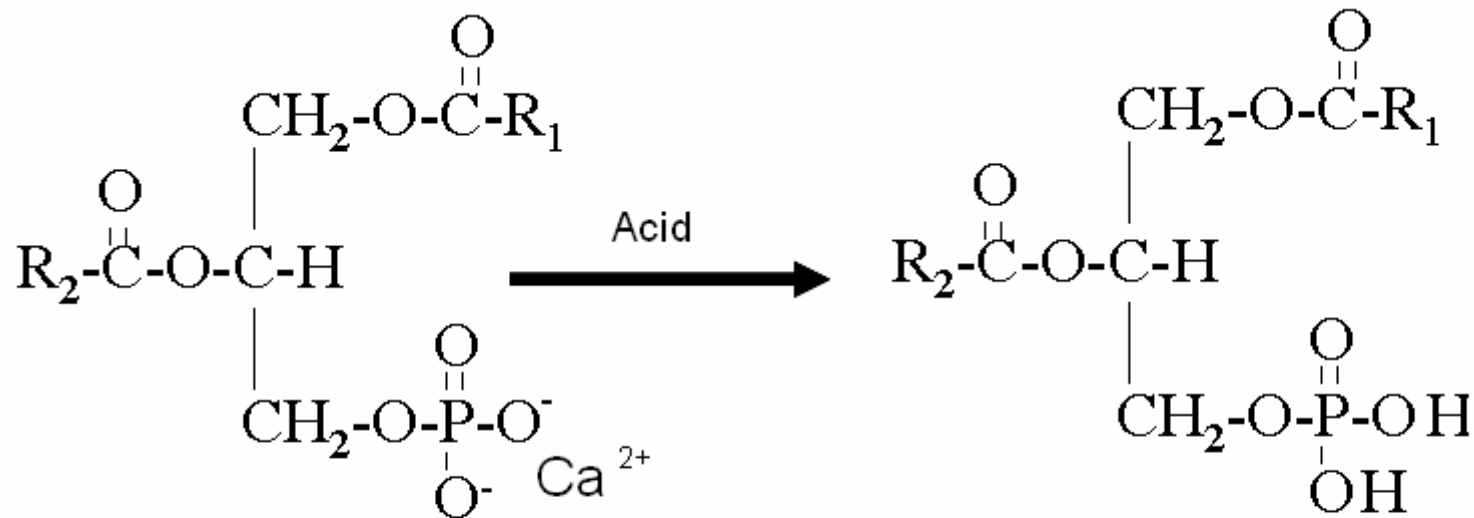


| Phospholipid | Relative Rate of Hydration |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| PC | 100 |
| PI | 44 |
| PI (Ca salt) | 24 |
| PE | 16 |
| PA | 8.5 |
| PE (Ca salt) | 0.9 |
| PA (Ca salt) | 0.6 |

(1) Sen Gupta, A.K., Fette Seifen Anstrichmittel V.88 pages 79-86 (1986) in Segers, J.C., et al., "Degumming – Theory and Practice" published by American Oil Chemists's Society in "Edible fats and Oils processing: basic principals and modern practices: World conference proceedings", edited by David Erickson, (1990) pages 88-93.

Non-Hydratable Phospholipid

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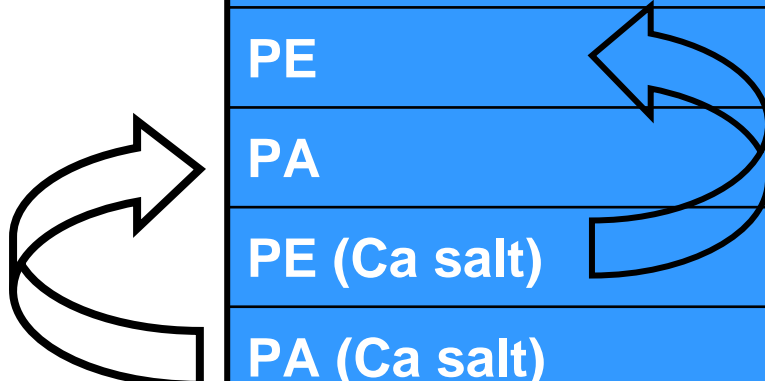
**Calcium Salt of Phosphatidic Acid
(non-hydratable phospholipid)**

**Phosphatidic Acid
(non-hydratable phospholipid)**

Phospholipid Hydration

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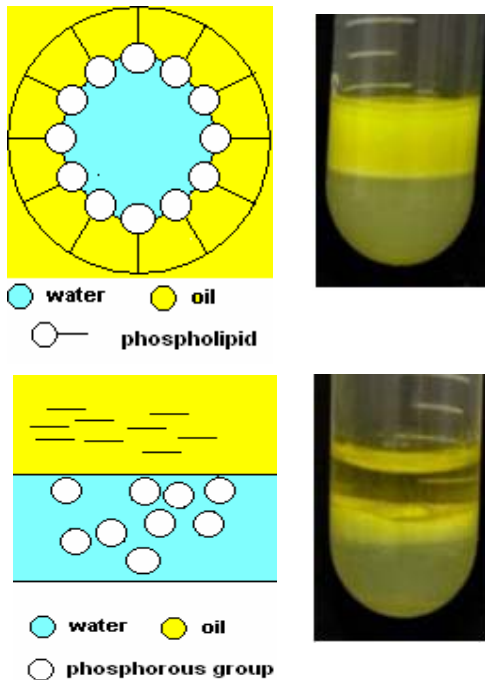
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Enzymatic Refining - fundamentals

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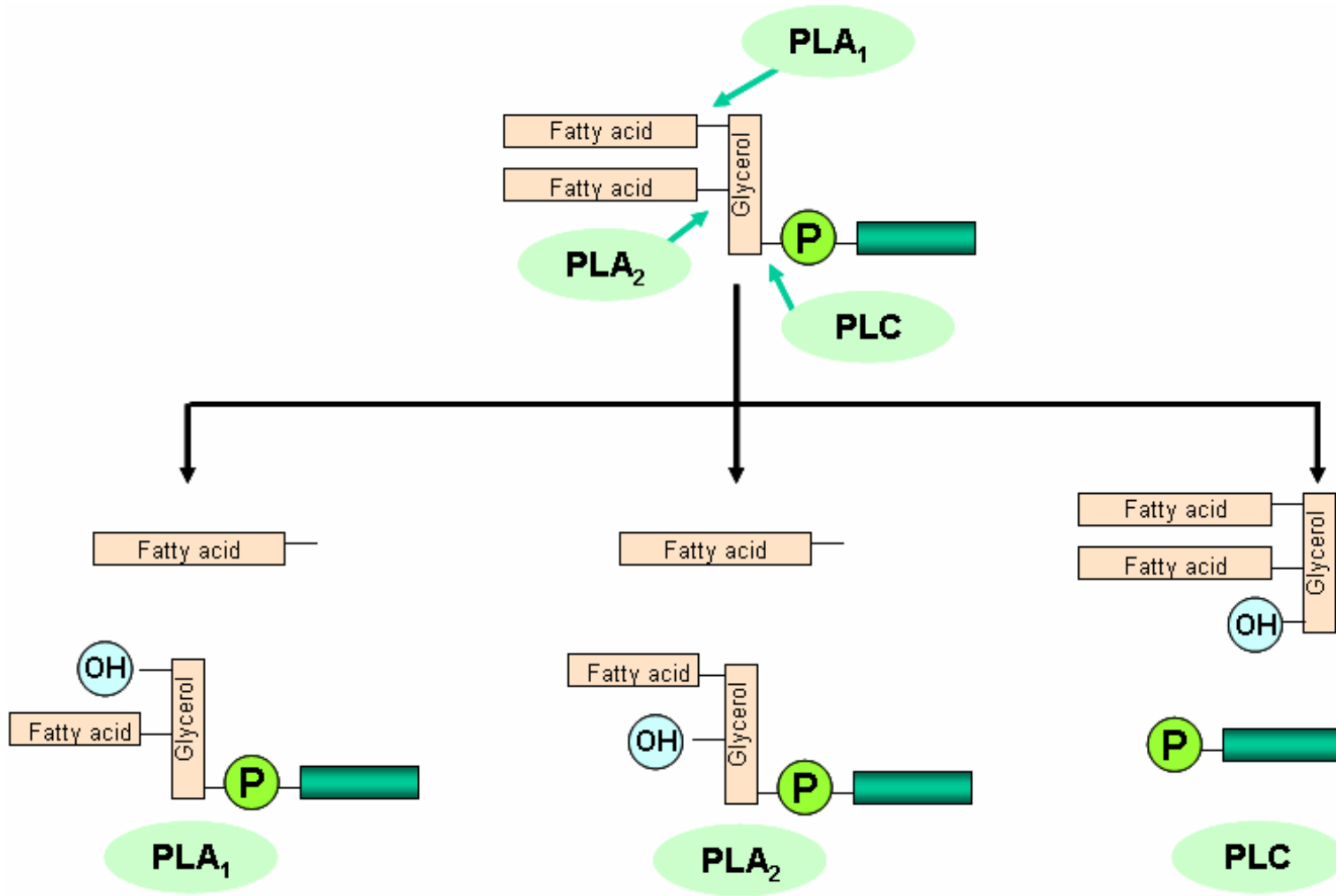
- In the conventional degumming and chemical refining process, gums work as emulsifiers and are responsible for the major part of the oil losses.

- In enzymatic degumming, the enzyme action eliminates the emulsification properties of the gums. The oil savings are proportional to the phosphorus (gums) in a ratio of 1 (oil) to 2 (gums).

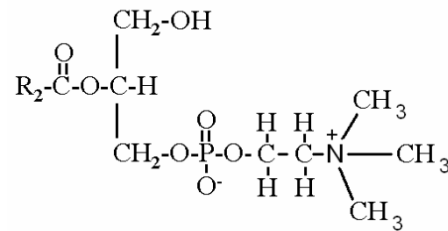
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PHOSPHOLIPASES: mode of action

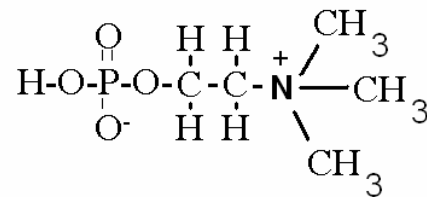
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- **Phospholipase A₁**
 - Lyso Lecithin
- **Phospholipase A₂**
 - Lyso Lecithin
- **Phospholipase C**
 - Phospho-species



lyso-Phosphatidyl Choline

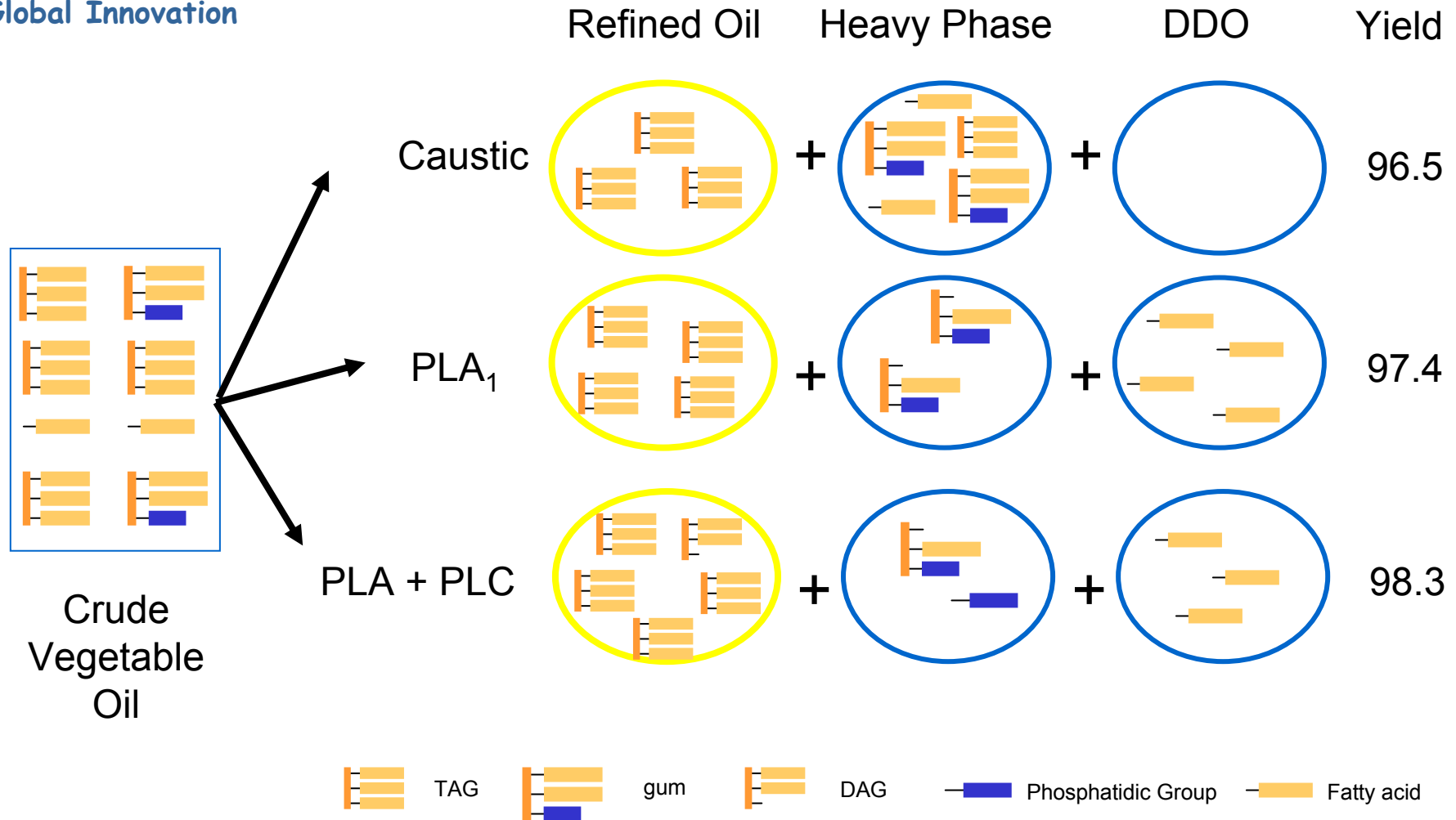


Phosphocholine



Comparing Refining Technologies

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Commercial Enzymes for Oil Refining

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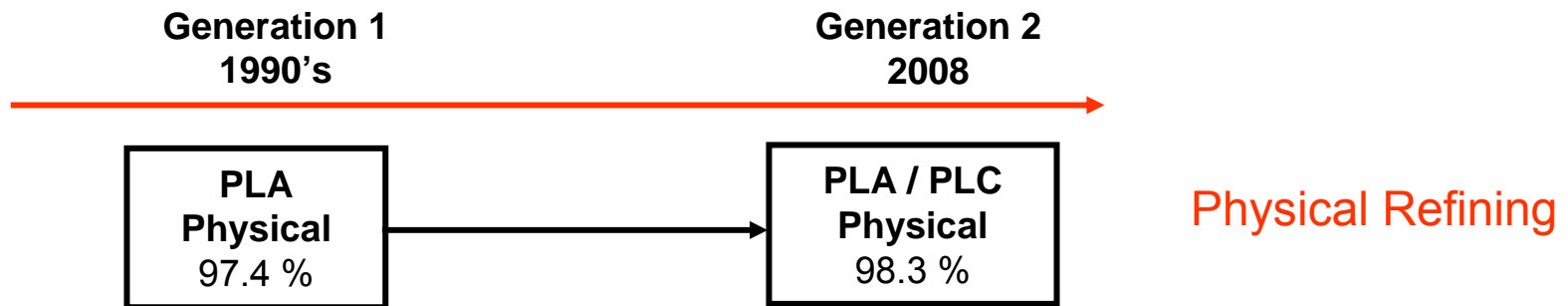
AB Enzymes' PLA₂, Rohalase[®] MPL

Dansico's PLA₂, FoodPro[™] LysoMax

Novozymes' PLA₁, Lecitase[®] Ultra

Verenium's PLC, Purifine[™]

DSM's PLA₂, GumZyme[™]

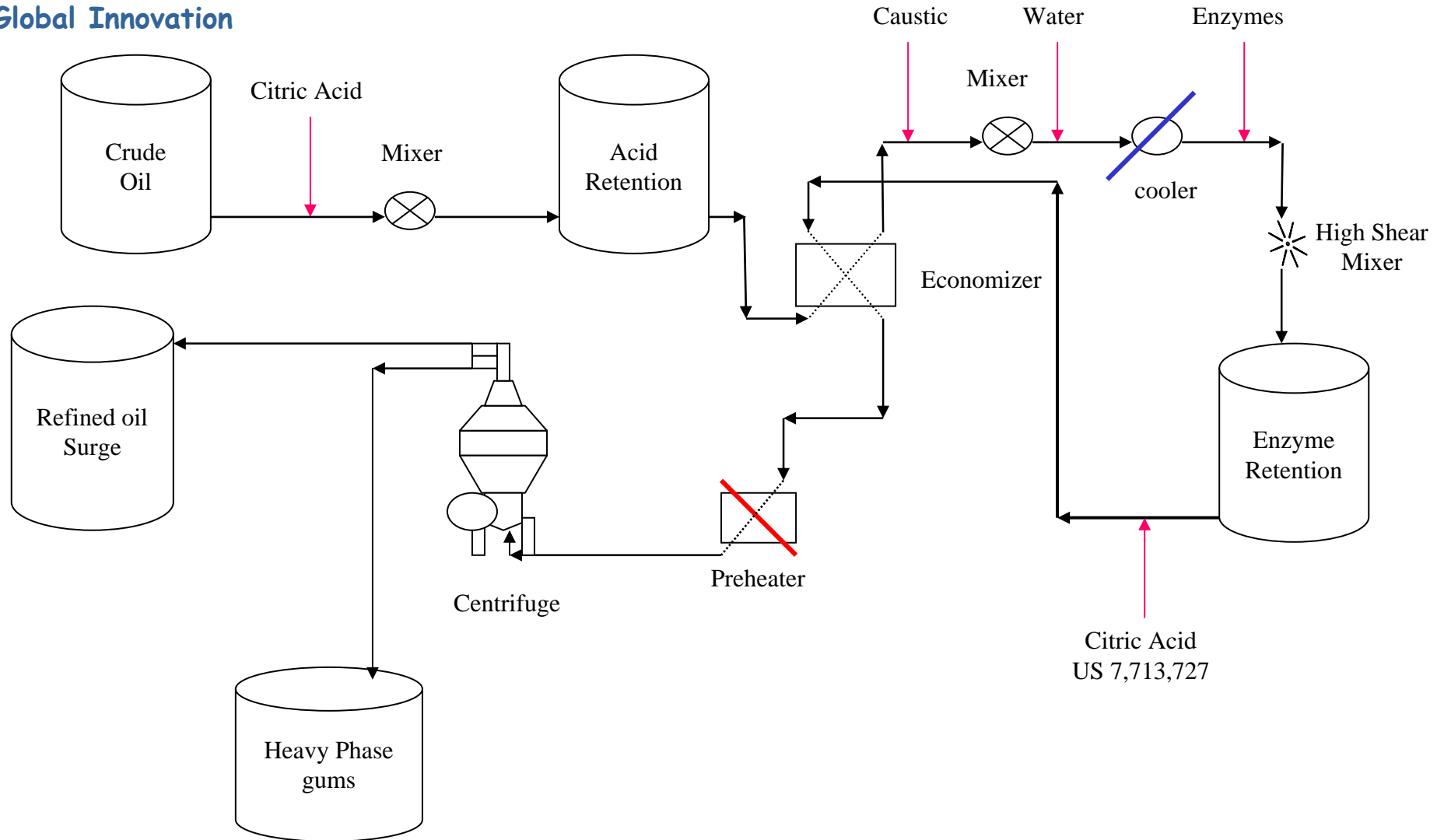


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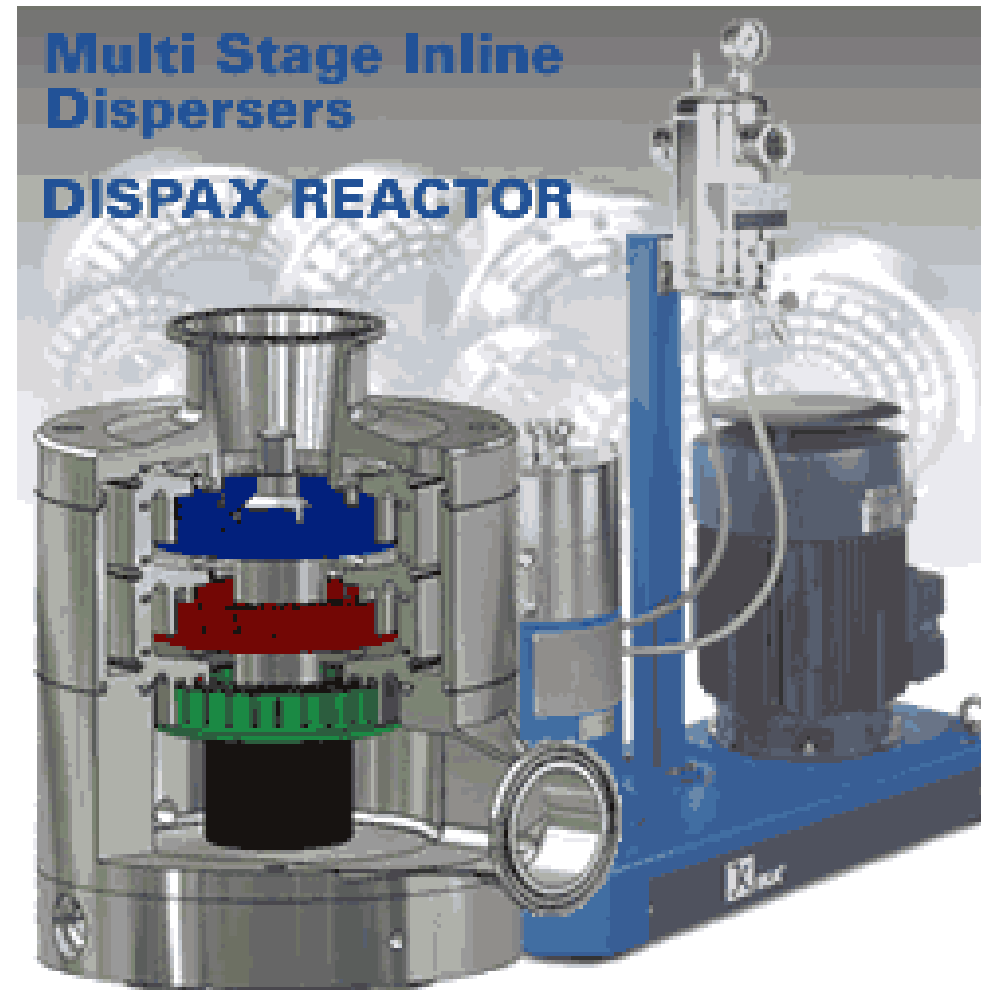
- US 5,264,367 – Aalrust et al.
 - Phospholipase A₂ for degumming
- US 7,226,771 – Gramatikova et al.
 - Phospholipase C
- US 7,713,727– Dayton et al.
 - Antifouling
- US 2008/0182322 – Dayton et al.
 - Combination of phospholipases
- US 2009/0069587 – Dayton et al.
 - Combination of phospholipases with reduced reaction rates

Optimum Enzyme pH

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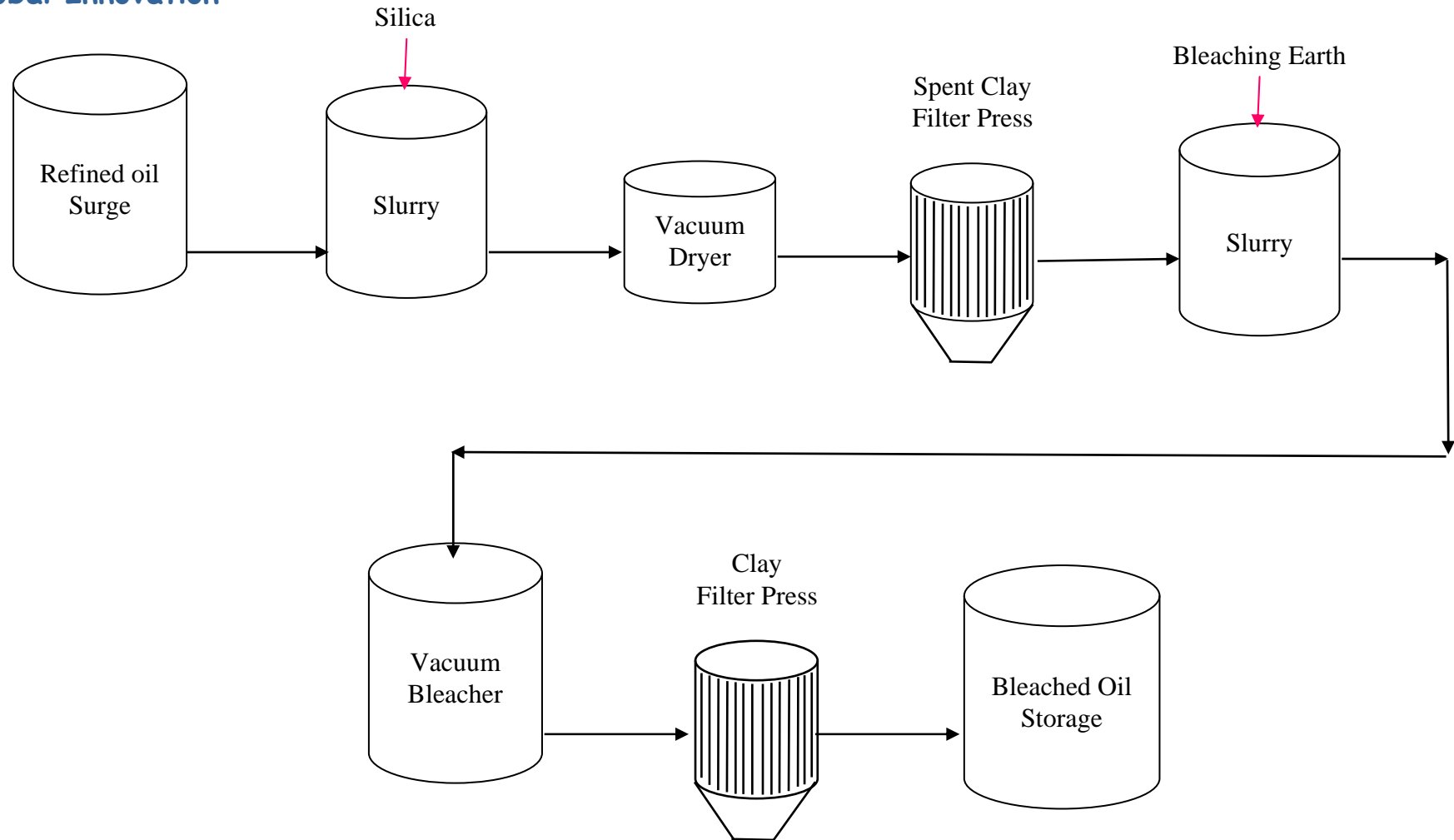
Enzymatic Degummed Specification

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- Phosphorous ≤ 10 ppm
- Calcium ≤ 2 ppm
- Magnesium ≤ 2 ppm
- Iron ≤ 0.001 ppm
- Free Fatty Acid 0.4 – 1.3 %

Lead-Lag Bleaching

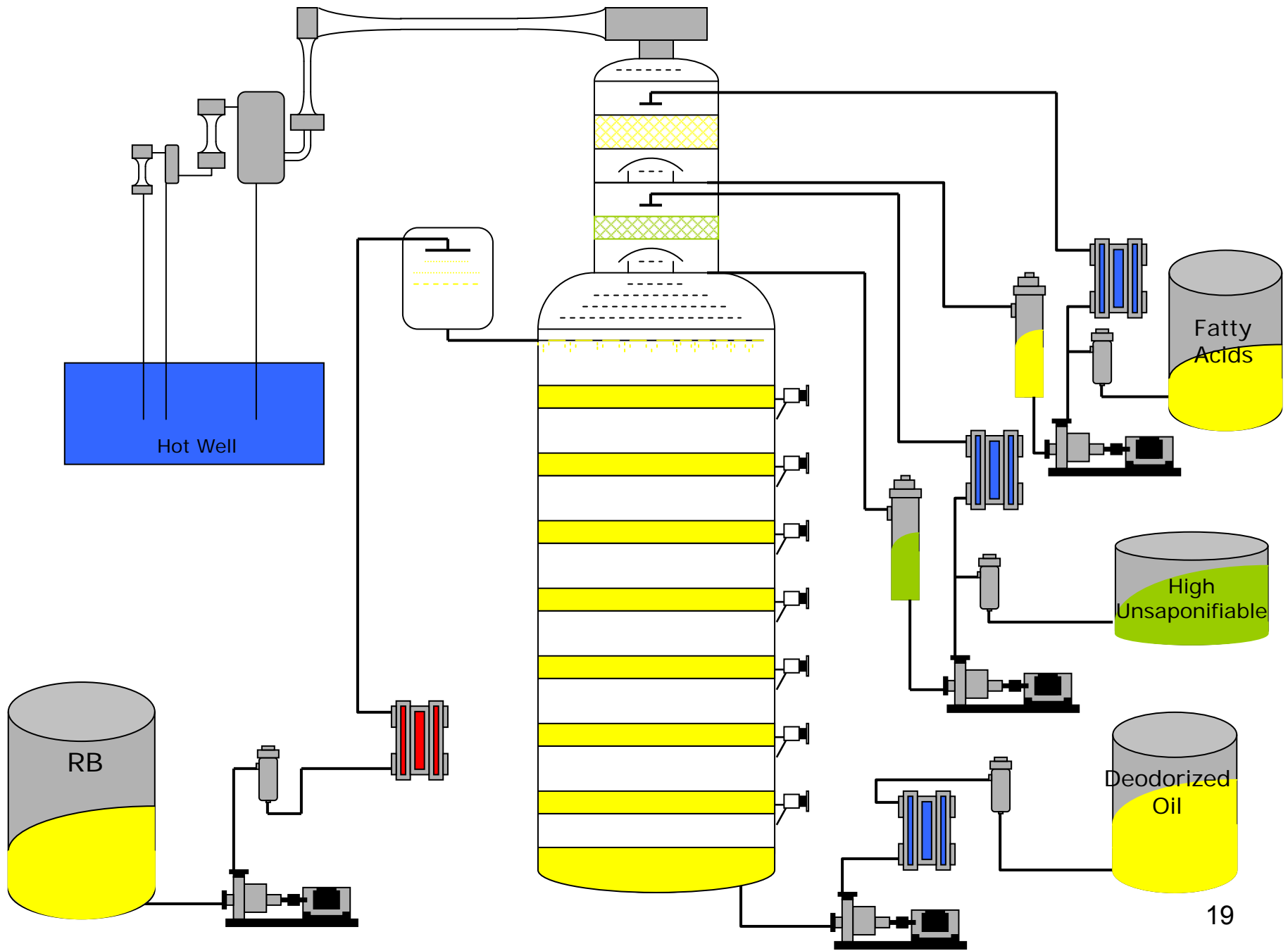
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Enzymatic Degummed and Bleached Specification

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- Phosphorous ≤ 0.5 ppm
- Calcium \leq below detection limit
- Magnesium \leq below detection limit
- Iron \leq below detection limit
- “Chlorophyll” ≤ 30 ppb
- Free Fatty Acid 0.4 – 1.3 %
- Peroxide Value 0 meq/kg



Physically Refined Specification

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- Flavor – Bland
- Free Fatty Acid 0.05 % max
- Peroxide Value 0 meq/kg
- OSI \geq 6 hours at 110° C (typically \geq 8.5)
- Tocopherols \leq 800 ppm
- Lovibond Color
 - Red \leq 1.0 (typically 0.3)
 - Yellow \leq 10 (typically 2.0)

Enzyme Refining – Industrial Scale

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Advantages

- no soapstock
- no washwater
- lyso-gums and / or phospho-species
- reduced process time
- reduction in chemicals
- robust



Bunge Physical Refining Plant

| | Caustic Refining | PLA Enzymatic Refining | PLA / PLC Enzymatic Refining |
|---|------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| Starting Phos level in crude oil | 500 ppm | 500 ppm | 500 ppm |
| Phos level after centrifuge | 2 ppm | 2 ppm | 2 ppm |
| Centrifuge Discharge (dry %) | 3.19 | 1.13 | 0.62 |
| Yield of oil (%) | 96.5 | 97.4 | 98.3 |

Physically Refined Soybean Oil

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Physically Refining Plant continuously operated since 2003 producing greater than 3,500,000 tonnes of commercial salad oil to customers.

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